

Installation & User Manual  
For  
**CeIICOM**



**GSM Intercom System**

Models AB, ABK, HB, HBK, FB, FBK  
Version 6

# Contents

Overview of system	Pg 3
Site Survey	Pg 3
SIM card	Pg 3
Power	Pg 3
Installation	Pg 4
Architectural panels	Pg 4
Hooded Panels	Pg 4
Flush Panels	Pg 4
Installing the SIM card	Pg 5
Connections on GSM controller	Pg 5
Codelock Keypad Connections	Pg 5
Wiring Tips	Pg 6
Powering Up	Pg 6
Programming	Pg 7
Complete list of GSM parameters	Pg 9
Keypad Overview	Pg 10
Basic Keypad Programming	Pg 10
Full Keypad Programming	Pg 10
Using the Keypad	Pg 12
Using the Intercom	Pg 12
Control by SMS	Pg 13
Check if door/gate is open/closed	Pg 13
Using optional App	Pg 13
Maintenance of the intercom	Pg 14
Troubleshooting	Pg 14

# Overview of System

Please read this entire manual before attempting to install this system.

This system should only be installed by a professional automatic gate installer or access control specialist dealer.

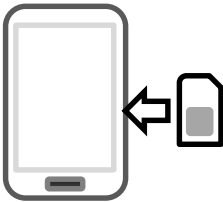
It is recommended that the system be set up, configured, commissioned and tested on a workshop bench **before** taken to site for installation.

## Site Survey

Before installing this system, you need to be sure that there is good mobile GSM cell coverage in the area it is to be installed. It is recommended that you conduct a site survey, and check reception on the site for a GSM network. If reception is poor in the area, then this system is not recommended.

## SIM Card

You will need a SIM card in order to use this system. It should be a regular voice and SMS text SIM card. Do not use a data only SIM, as this is only for tablets and will not work in the unit.



- 1) Ensure the SIM has calling credit, and can make and receive calls on a mobile cell phone.
- 2) Check that the SIM is not locked to a phone and can be used in other devices.
- 3) Check that the SIM does not have a PIN code request.
- 4) You are now ready to begin programming.

## Power

**TIP: Most technical calls received are due to installers using CAT5 or alarm cable to power the unit. Neither are rated to carry enough power (1.2 amp peak). Please use following cable...**

Up to 2 metres (6 feet) – Use minimum 0.75mm<sup>2</sup> (18 gauge)

Up to 4 metres (12 feet) – Use minimum 1mm<sup>2</sup> (16 gauge)

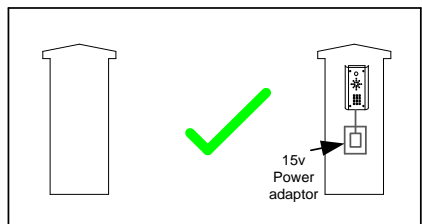
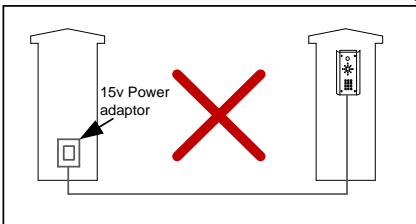
Up to 8 metres (24 feet) – Use minimum 1.5mm<sup>2</sup> (14 gauge)



### WARNING

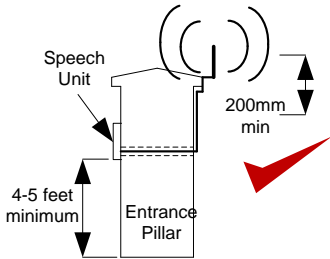
Warranty VOID if power cable requirements are not followed!

Using insufficient power cable thickness will cause excessive stress on electronic components, and therefore void the manufacturer's warranty.



To avoid such problems it is recommended (and is good practice) to locate the power supply as close to the transmitter as possible. This avoids power cable noise and interference and enhances the lifetime of the product.

## Installation

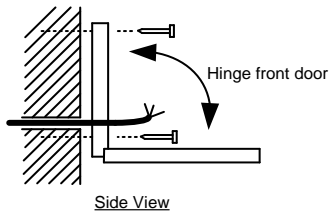
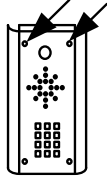


Do not remove the protective film until the system is fully installed and working. Protective coverings are there to protect the intercom from scratches and marks during installation.

Antenna height is best higher than intercom for cleaner audio and also better reception.

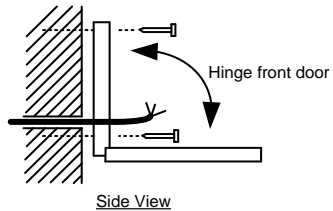
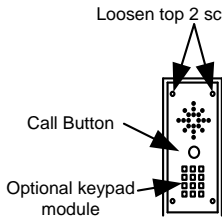
## Architectural Panels

Loosen top 2 screws only

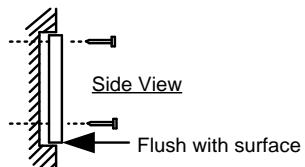
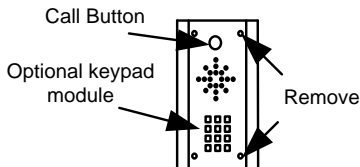


## Hooded Panels

Loosen top 2 screws only



## Flush Panels



**Tip:** Use appropriate fixings to ensure the intercom cannot be removed from the wall.

## Inserting the SIM card

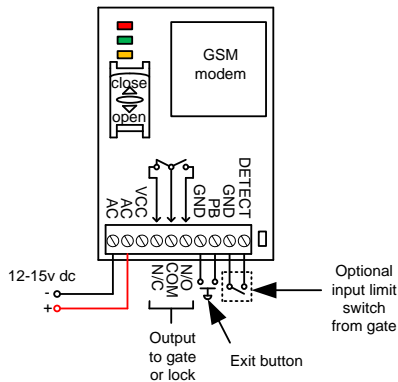
Note: This unit is a 2G quad band system, operating on standard 2G network frequencies of 850/900/1800/1900MHz.



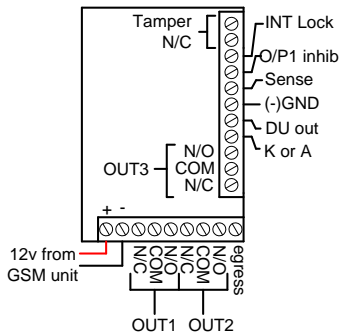
Please ensure the SIM card is a 2G compatible SIM card. The SIM may also be 3G and 4G capable as well, as long as both the SIM and the network also support 2G. Do not use a SIM card for a tablet, as these only support data, and do not support voice and SMS. You simply require a mobile phone type SIM card.

- 1) Put the SIM into a phone to activate and register it with the network.
- 2) If you are using pay and go, top up the SIM with some credit.
- 3) Test that the SIM can make and receive calls and can send and receive a SMS.
- 4) Ensure the power is OFF
- 5) Slide the SIM card holder in the open direction, and carefully open the door. Do NOT force it.

## Connections on the GSM Controller



## Codelock Keypad connections (Keypad versions only)



### Commonly used connections

**Outputs** – This keypad has 3 outputs. All can be programmed for momentary and latching operation. For gate systems and AC strike locks, connect a keypad relay (normally open) in parallel with the GSM module relay. For magnetic locks, connect in series with normally closed contact.

**Egress** – This is for an optional exit button input, connected across this terminal and GND (-).

## Advanced connections

**INT Lock** – Used to operate a door in conjunction with another keypad. 24v dc max voltage, 100mA sink.

**O/P1 inhib** – When closed, this disables all codes for relay group 1.

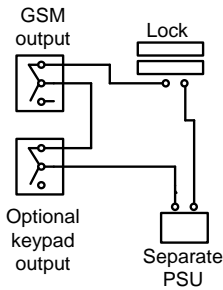
**Sense** – N/C connected to (-)GND, to be connected to N/C door contact. Can be used to generate door open or tamper alarm.

**DU out** – switches to (-) ground after the Duress Code is entered. Used to trigger alarm zone, or buzzer to notify guard. 100mA sink, 24VDC.

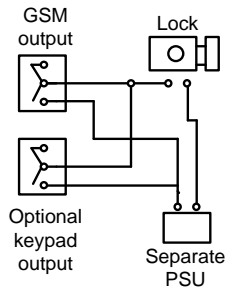
**K or A** – Not used.

## Wiring Tips

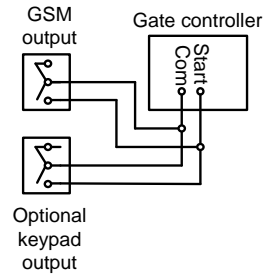
### Connecting DC magnetic lock



### Connecting AC/DC strike lock

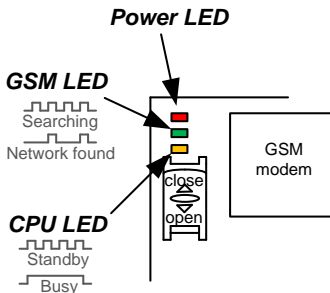


### Connecting automatic gates



## Powering Up

Perform a final check of wiring and ensure the antenna is connected before switching on the power. Once the power is switched on, the power LED should illuminate.



### TIPS:

#### My GSM LED is still searching...

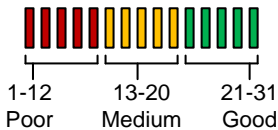
- Check the SIM card is registered and can make a call in a phone.
- Check the SIM card is seated correctly. Power off, clean the contacts on the SIM and the GSM unit, and reinsert the SIM.
- Check power cable distance and thickness.
- Increase antenna height.
- Change network.
- Move antenna away from metal objects or overhanging shrubs.
- Fit a high gain antenna.

# Programming

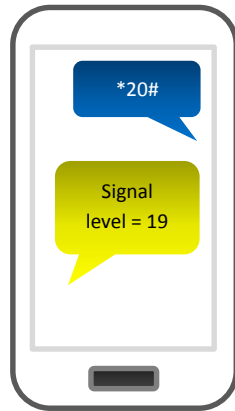
**TIP:** The GSM unit programming is by sending SMS text messages to the unit from a phone.

## Step 1: Check Reception

Send the SMS **\*20#** as shown, to the SIM card number of the intercom. The unit should reply with a reception level between 1 and 31.



Note: Reception levels below 14 can give problems with the relay operation, and poor quality audio, or no audio coming from the microphone on the intercom (the person on the phone cannot hear anything), or buzz on the loud speaker.



**TIP:** If reception levels are low, take action now! Either increase the height of the antenna to improve reception or request a higher gain antenna from your distributor or change to another network which may have better coverage.

## Step 2: Programming dial out numbers

Programming text messages must start with a pass code string, followed by a command, followed by data, and each command is separated in the SMS by #.

To begin, program the unit to dial numbers when the call button is pressed. This module will dial up to 3 telephone numbers in sequence.

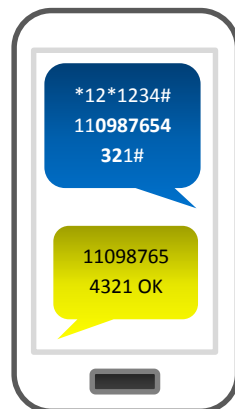
**\*12\*1234#110987654321#**

String	Description
*12*	Pass code
1234#	Function code
110987654321#	Data

TIP...

- 11 = Telephone number 1.
- 12 = Telephone number 2.
- 13 = Telephone number 3.

The phone image shows an example of a number being stored and the reply sent by the unit to confirm OK. Up to 3 numbers can be sent in a single SMS. The pass code only needs entered at the beginning of each message, and then each new command string is separated by #.



E.g. **\*12\*1234#11telephonenumber1#12telephonenumber2#13telephonenumber3#**

### Step 3: Calling time

This is the time the unit will spend attempting to call a number before aborting the call and calling the next number on the list. It is very useful to adjust this time so that if there is voicemail or answer machine on a number, that the intercom aborts the call before the machine picks up, otherwise the unit will think the call is answered and never call the next number. To adjust this time, send the following SMS messages...

**\*12\*1234#52??#** (Where ?? = ringing time in seconds 10-99. Default = 20)

**TIP:** Remember to include the network connection time. A mobile phone needing to ring for 10 seconds may need a programmed ringing time of 15 seconds, because it can take 5 seconds to connect the call.

### Step 4: Caller ID access control

This feature allows up to 100 numbers to be stored in memory. Any of these numbers can call the intercom. It will recognise the number, end the call without answering, and activate the output relay, all within a few seconds.

First you must tell the unit which country it is operating in by entering the country code of your country. If you do not know the country code, it can be found online. Some examples are shown below..

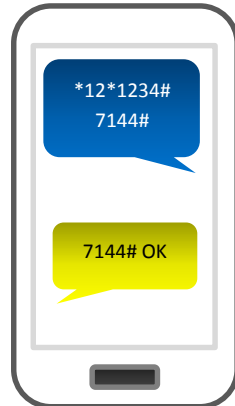
UK – 44

Ireland – 353

USA - 1

The example shows UK country code being entered.

**TIP:** Do not add any leading zeros in front of the country code.



Now you may add numbers which can call the unit to trigger the relay by sending the following SMS (up to 3 phone numbers can be sent in a single SMS...)

**\*12\*1234#72telephonenumber#72telephonenumber#72telephonenumber#**

Just send the complete number as you would normally dial it from a phone.

**TIP:** Even if a number is stored as a dialling out number when the call button is pressed, it needs stored again under the 72 feature if it is also required to have caller ID access.



## GSM unit complete list of parameters

The table below show the complete list of features in the cellular part of the intercom.

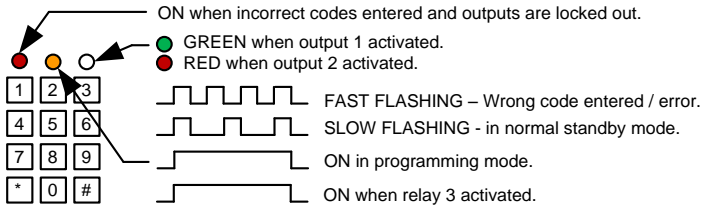
**TIP:** Programming messages below must begin with \*12\*1234# (if 1234=default passcode)..

Parameter	Description	Default
<b><i>Changing pass codes</i></b>		
01????#	Change programming password	1234
02????#	Change access control password (SMS control of relays, or non-stored numbers can call intercom & enter code to activate output 1).	5678
03????#	Change monitoring mode password (user can call the intercom, enter this pass code to listen in and speak)	1212
<b><i>Dial out numbers</i></b>		
1n????#	Store dialling out numbers. (n = 1, 2 or 3 position)	N/A
1n*#	Delete a dial out number. (n = 1, 2 or 3)	N/A
<b><i>Volume controls</i></b>		
3?#	Speaker volume. Where ? = 1-3. 1 = lowest, 3 = highest.	3
4?#	Microphone volume. Where ? = 1-3. 1 = lowest, 3 = highest.	3
<b><i>Timings</i></b>		
51?#	Relay time. ? = seconds, 1-9999.	1 sec
52??#	Calling time - adjust this to avoid voicemail picking up a call (10-99 secs)	20 secs
53????#	Talking time. 005-999 seconds. Must be 3 digits.	60 secs
55??#	Max monitoring time (for listen in mode when calling the intercom) 00-60 mins. 00 = no limit.	10 mins
<b><i>Scheduled service calls</i></b>		
77number#	Store a service number to receive a scheduled call or SMS from the unit and prevent inactive SIM being turned off by provider.	N/A
57??#	Set the time schedule for the intercom to make a scheduled call or SMS to the service number. 00-60 day time schedule. 00 = no call or SMS.	00
58?#	Choose between scheduled call or scheduled SMS. 1 = SMS. 2 = call.	1
77*#	Delete the stored service number	N/A
<b><i>Caller ID features</i></b>		
71????#	Stores country code.	N/A
72number#	Store caller ID number. Max 14 digits. Only last 6 digits compared.	N/A
73number#	Delete caller ID number. (number = phone number to be deleted).	N/A
73*#	Delete all caller ID numbers	N/A
<b><i>Service &amp; diagnostic messages (no passcode required for these!)</i></b>		
*20#	Check reception level 1-31 (no passcode needed)	N/A
*21#	Check stored numbers. O = dial out number. I = dial in number. E = end	N/A
*22#	Check input status and relay status. (No passcode needed)	N/A
<b><i>Restore Defaults</i></b>		
999#	Send with passcode string to clear all programming.	N/A

# Keypad overview

Now that the GSM part of the intercom is programmed and working, you may now program the keypad. The keypad is programmed directly on the keys, not remotely by SMS.

This keypad has 3 outputs. The diagram below shows the LED indicators which indicate programming and relay status information.



**TIP:** After power up, as a security precaution, the keypad cannot be programmed for 60 seconds. Once this time elapses, you may begin.

**TIP:** Flashing amber LED is normal standby mode!

## Basic Keypad Programming

**Quick start guide**

1) Enter programming mode (amber LED should be ON)

0 0 0 0 \* \*

2) Enter a new user code...

1 0 2 0 0 0 ? ? ? ? #

3) Exit programming mode

\* \*

4) Enter the new user code to check the relay clicks.

**Tip:** The engineer code must be the same length as user codes. So if using a 6 digit engineers code, then user codes must also be 6 digits long etc.

## Full Keypad programming

**Enter programming mode..**

0 0 0 0 \* \*

The unit is now in programming mode. Amber LED on the keypad should remain permanently on. 0000 is the default programming passcode.

**Exit programming mode..**

\* \*

The unit should exit programming mode and the amber LED should start flashing again.

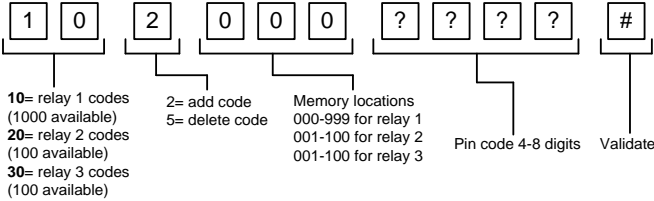
## Enter a new ENGINEERS code...

Go into programming mode firstly then enter the following sequence...

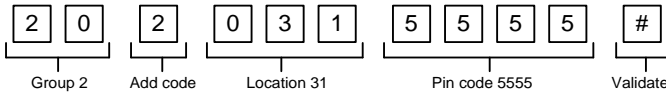


## Enter or delete new user codes

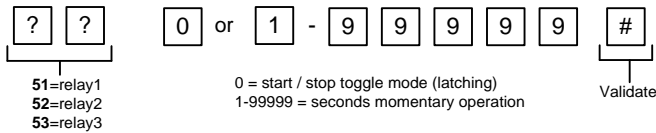
There are 3 groups of user codes. Group 10 for relay 1, group 20 for relay 2, and group 30 for relay 3. The programming sequence is shown below...



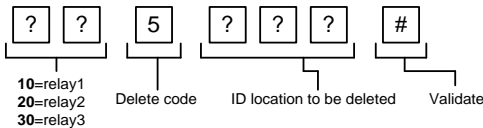
Example: Add user 31 to have access code 5555 operating relay 2...



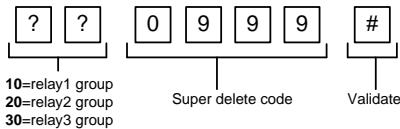
## Programming relay output times and modes...



## Delete a user code even if you don't know the code...

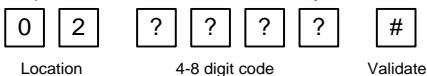


## Delete an entire group of codes



## Programming super user codes...

A super user code can activate any of the 3 relays



## Restoring defaults

When in programming mode, you can enter the following sequence...

9 9 9 9 #

When the master code is forgotten....

- 1) Wire a push button (or replicate with wire link) across the Egress terminal and (-)GND.
- 2) Switch off power for 1 minute.
- 3) Switch ON power.
- 4) during the first 60 seconds, press the EG button once to enable the function.
- 5) Enter the following code..

8 0 8 0 \* \*

The keypad should now be in programming mode, ready to accept new data.

## Using the keypad

### Using the standard codes...

Once you have exited out of programming mode, simply enter the user code.

### Using super user codes

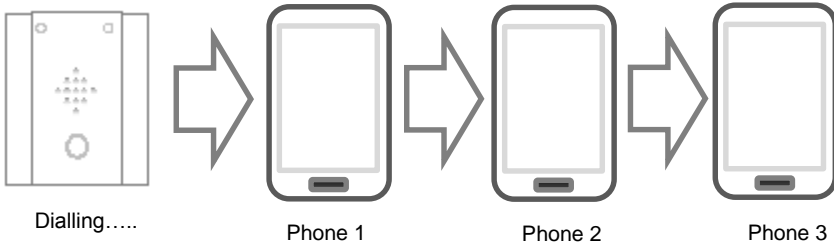
? ? ? ? # 1 Activate output 1

? ? ? ? # 2 Activate output 2

? ? ? ? # 3 Activate output 3

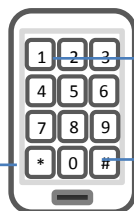
## Using the intercom

This cellular intercom can dial up to 4 numbers in sequence for any call button when pressed..



Any user receiving the call can answer, speak to the visitor, and press the following digits on their mobile or fixed line telephone to control the relays on the device...

Press \* key to operate electric gates or door lock. Use this normally.



Press # key to LATCH output relay. Caution: Use only for holding open gates or door!.

Press 1 to UNLATCH output relay which has previously been latched. Use to allow gates/door to close

## Control by SMS

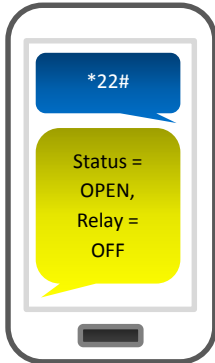
This intercom allows the user to send SMS commands to control the relays and check status as follows...

\*33\*5678# - Relay momentary trigger.

\*34\*5678# - Relay latch ON or hold ON.

\*35\*5678# - Relay unlatch or switch OFF.

### Check if door or gate is open or closed



Send the SMS as shown, and the unit will reply showing the status of the input limit switch (if used), and the relay..

This example shows that the input sensor is in OPEN state, and the relay is OFF.

If the relay is latched, then the status will change to ON.

If the input limit switch is closed, the status shown will change to CLOSED.

**TIP:** If there is not a physical limit switch fitted to the door or gate, then the status input will always show OPEN.

### Using the Optional App

Android and Iphone users can download an optional app called **GSM-GATE**. This app performs 3 main functions..

- 1) Speed dials your intercom when the trigger button is pressed.
- 2) Sends pre-configured SMS messages to latch and unlatch the relay.
- 3) Allow the user to check status like reception level and status of the output and input.

#### Main Trigger button

Use this to speed dial intercom and momentary trigger the relay.

#### Latch Relay Button

Sends a pre-configured SMS to latch on the relay. Can be used to hold open gates or door.

#### Un-Latch Relay Button

Sends a pre-configured SMS to unlatch the relay if it has previously been latched. Can be used to allow gates to close

#### Status features

Enter new screen to check signal strength, stored numbers, gate or door status.

#### Info screen

Information about manufacturer.

#### Settings screen

Setup screen, to enter sim card number of intercom & SMS strings.

## Maintenance of the Intercom

The intercom SIM card will need topped up occasionally if it is a pre-pay casual SIM card. It is recommended that you register this SIM card on the provider's web site. You can register card payment details. Many networks offer an auto top up feature, which means they will automatically top up your intercom when the balance runs low.

The stainless steel can dull or discolour over time in weather conditions. This can be polished with a suitable stainless steel cleaner.

## Troubleshooting guide

### **Q. The unit will not power up. No LEDs on.**

A. Check power supply voltage at intercom is within 14.5v-15v DC. Cable length from PSU to intercom should be less than 15 feet.

### **Q. The unit powers up but is not showing network reception or will not respond to SMS.**

A. This means the unit is not able to detect the network for some reason.

-Power off the unit, remove the SIM and check it in a mobile phone to verify it can make a call and has calling credit.

-Disable any PIN code request if active on the SIM card.

-Check the SIM is a standard voice 2G capable SIM. If you are unsure, contact your SIM card provider to verify. Frequency of operation should be any one of international quad band standards, 850 / 900 / 1800 / 1900 MHz.

-Check the reception is good. Poor reception is not sufficient.

-Check that the cable from power supply to intercom is less than 15 feet and that the cable thickness is 1.5mm or 14 gauge if longer than 15 feet. Alarm or CAT5 cable is not sufficient.

-Power off, remove the SIM, use fine sand paper to lightly sand the SIM pads and contacts on the GSM unit, lightly bend the contacts upwards so that they make better contact with the SIM and try again.

### **Q. The unit calls the first number, but there is not enough time to answer before it diverts to the next number.**

A. Increase the no answer time as per programming instructions.

### **Q. The unit calls the first number but voicemail comes on before it can ring the second number.**

A. Decrease the no answer time as per programming instructions.

### **Q. The caller ID part does not work.**

A. Be sure to program the caller ID part under 72 feature. If your number is a private or number withheld, then it will not work.

-Even if you have already programmed a number to receive a call from the intercom, if you also want that number to have caller ID access, it must be programmed under the 72 feature also.

-Ensure the number is entered as you would normally dial it from another phone.

### **Q. There is no audio from the gate, but the person at the gate can hear ok.**

A. This can be due to low reception or excessively long power cables.

-Check reception level by \*20#.

-Change SIM card if necessary to another network which may have better coverage.

-Purchase a high gain antenna.

-Increase height of antenna.

This may also be caused by a defective microphone, water on a microphone from a sprinkler for example, or dirt blocking the microphone hole. If reception is optimum and the problem persists, contact your supplier or installer.

**Q. The audio quality that can be heard on the remote telephone is poor or humming (buzzing).**

A. A small amount of GSM buzz can be considered normal on GSM intercoms, but not so much that causes inability to hear the person speaking. This can be caused by the GSM antenna being mounted too close to the speech panel or not mounted high enough, or poor power cables being too long or thin.

-Try earthing the speech panel chassis to 0V of the power supply.

-This is also a symptom of poor reception. Try above steps on checking and improving reception.

**Q. The keys do not work when the intercom calls a phone.**

A. Check if you can hear the relay clicking at the gate when the keys are pressed during a call. If it can be heard, then the system is working, check wiring between the relay and the lock or gate panel. If the relays do not make a clicking sound, then check this feature on a different mobile cell phone or landline. If it works on a different phone, check the settings on the phone in question under DTMF tones.

Failure of DTMF tones to operate correctly is also a symptom of low reception or insufficient power cabling. Check steps above on improving reception or addressing the power problem.

-Some iphone users may experience trouble using the \* key to trigger the gates. In this case, refer to your distributor on how to change the trigger key to any other key. Also check that the relays are not already latched with the \*22# command. If they are latched, they need unlatched before the trigger keys will work.

**Q. The keypad confirmation beeps when I enter my code but the gates or door lock does not open.**

A. Check wiring. The keypad relay should be connected to the lock or gate system as well as the relay inside the GSM cellular part of the intercom.

- Do not wire power to the intercom in alarm cable or CAT 5 cable. It should be proper power cable and the power cable length should be as short as possible. Otherwise relays may not fire.

**Q. The system was operating the gates fine, but now it will not trigger the gates.**

99% of the time, this is caused by the user accidentally latching the relay. This latches the output relay permanently on. Send the intercom the following SMS \*22#. The intercom should reply with a message detailing the relay status.. If it has been latched, then the message will state "the relay is ON". In this case refer to the user guide to read how to unlatch it again.

**Q. The unit no longer calls out to phones but I can make a call to it from my phone.**

A – Check there is balance on the SIM card.

A – Switch off the power, remove the SIM, put it into a phone, and check that a call can be made from a phone. This will verify if the SIM is still working and in service.

